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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

ROGER D. WHITE,

Plaintiff,

No. CV-05-1163-HU

V.

COMMISSIONER, SOCIAL SECURITY)
ADMINISTRATION,

Defendant.

MOSMAN, District Judge:

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Plaintiff Roger D. White filed this action to review the Commissioner's final decision denying social security disability benefits. The action was filed July 26, 2005. On that same date, plaintiff filed a motion for extension of time to file an application to proceed in forma pauperis. I granted the motion for extension of time, requiring plaintiff to file the in forma pauperis application by August 26, 2005.

Plaintiff never filed the application. On December 22, 2005, I issued an Order to Show Cause, requiring plaintiff to show cause in writing, no later than January 11, 2006, why this case should not be dismissed for failure to prosecute. Plaintiff did not

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respond to the Order to Show Cause.

A district court may sua sponte dismiss a case for failure to prosecute. Ash v. Cvetkov, 739 F.2d 493, 496 (9th Cir. 1984). Based on Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b), the court should consider five factors before dismissal of a case: (1) the interest of the public in the speedy resolution of cases; (2) the need of the court to control and manage its docket; (3) the potential risk of prejudice to the defendant; (4) public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of other options. Harrison v. Health Net Health Plan of Or., Inc., No. CV-02-1320-HA 2005 WL 465132, at *1 (D. Or. Feb. 28, 2005); see also Yourish v. California Amplifier, 191 F.3d 983, 990 (9th Cir. 1999) (listing factors). Moreover, before dismissing a case for lack of prosecution, the court must find that there has been unreasonable delay. Harrison, 2005 WL 465132, at *2.

Here, plaintiff's case has been pending for seven months with no movement towards a decision on the merits because of plaintiff's failure to file his in forma pauperis petition. The pendency of a stalled case unnecessarily clogs the court's docket. While public policy may prefer a disposition on the merits of the case, in a social security case, there has already been a decision on the merits issued by an Administrative Law Judge. At this point, there are no other options. Finally, while the particular procedural posture here may or may not create prejudice to defendant, it certainly puts defendant in an awkward position of uncertainty as to whether plaintiff is or is not seriously contesting the underlying decision. Thus, this case is appropriate for dismissal.

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CONCLUSION

The case is dismissed for lack of prosecution.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this 27 day of Tehroay, 2006.

Michael W. Mosman

United States District Judge

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